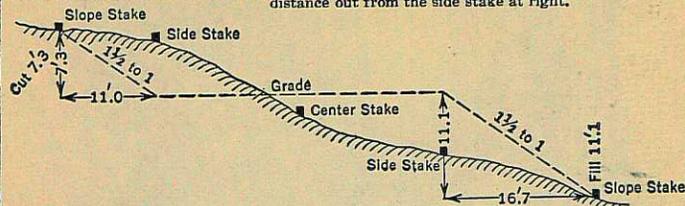


1950-18

74

DISTANCES FROM SIDE STAKES FOR CROSS-SECTIONING
Roadway of any Width. Side Slopes 1 1/2 to 1.

In the figure below: opposite 7 under "Cut or Fill" and under .3 read 11.0, the distance out from the side stake at left. Also, opposite 11 under "Cut or Fill" and under .1 read 16.7, the distance out from the side stake at right.



Cut or Fill	Distance out from Side or Shoulder Stake										Cut or Fill
	0	.1	.2	.3	.4	.5	.6	.7	.8	.9	
0	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.4	0
1	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.9	1
2	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.2	4.4	2
3	4.5	4.7	4.8	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.4	5.6	5.7	5.9	3
4	6.0	6.2	6.3	6.5	6.6	6.8	6.9	7.1	7.2	7.4	4
5	7.5	7.7	7.8	8.0	8.1	8.3	8.4	8.6	8.7	8.9	5
6	9.0	9.2	9.3	9.5	9.6	9.8	9.9	10.1	10.2	10.4	6
7	10.5	10.7	10.8	11.0	11.1	11.3	11.4	11.6	11.7	11.9	7
8	12.0	12.2	12.3	12.5	12.6	12.8	12.9	13.1	13.2	13.4	8
9	13.5	13.7	13.8	14.0	14.1	14.3	14.4	14.6	14.7	14.9	9
10	15.0	15.2	15.3	15.5	15.6	15.8	15.9	16.1	16.2	16.4	10
11	16.5	16.7	16.8	17.0	17.1	17.3	17.4	17.6	17.7	17.9	11
12	18.0	18.2	18.3	18.5	18.6	18.8	18.9	19.1	19.2	19.4	12
13	19.5	19.7	19.8	20.0	20.1	20.3	20.4	20.6	20.7	20.9	13
14	21.0	21.2	21.3	21.5	21.6	21.8	21.9	22.1	22.2	22.4	14
15	22.5	22.7	22.8	23.0	23.1	23.3	23.4	23.6	23.7	23.9	15
16	24.0	24.2	24.3	24.5	24.6	24.8	24.9	25.1	25.2	25.4	16
17	25.5	25.7	25.8	26.0	26.1	26.3	26.4	26.6	26.7	26.9	17
18	27.0	27.2	27.3	27.5	27.6	27.8	27.9	28.1	28.2	28.4	18
19	28.5	28.7	28.8	29.0	29.1	29.3	29.4	29.6	29.7	29.9	19
20	30.0	30.2	30.3	30.5	30.6	30.8	30.9	31.1	31.2	31.4	20
21	31.5	31.7	31.8	32.0	32.1	32.3	32.4	32.6	32.7	32.9	21
22	33.0	33.2	33.3	33.5	33.6	33.8	33.9	34.1	34.2	34.4	22
23	34.5	34.7	34.8	35.0	35.1	35.3	35.4	35.6	35.7	35.9	23
24	36.0	36.2	36.3	36.5	36.6	36.8	36.9	37.1	37.2	37.4	24
25	37.5	37.7	37.8	38.0	38.1	38.3	38.4	38.6	38.7	38.9	25
26	39.0	39.2	39.3	39.5	39.6	39.8	39.9	40.1	40.2	40.4	26
27	40.5	40.7	40.8	41.0	41.1	41.3	41.4	41.6	41.7	41.9	27
28	42.0	42.2	42.3	42.5	42.6	42.8	42.9	43.1	43.2	43.4	28
29	43.5	43.7	43.8	44.0	44.1	44.3	44.4	44.6	44.7	44.9	29
30	45.0	45.2	45.3	45.5	45.6	45.8	45.9	46.1	46.2	46.4	30
31	46.5	46.7	46.8	47.0	47.1	47.3	47.4	47.6	47.7	47.9	31
32	48.0	48.2	48.3	48.5	48.6	48.8	48.9	49.1	49.2	49.4	32
33	49.5	49.7	49.8	50.0	50.1	50.3	50.4	50.6	50.7	50.9	33
34	51.0	51.2	51.3	51.5	51.6	51.8	51.9	52.1	52.2	52.4	34
35	52.5	52.7	52.8	53.0	53.1	53.3	53.4	53.6	53.7	53.9	35
36	54.0	54.2	54.3	54.5	54.6	54.8	54.9	55.1	55.2	55.4	36
37	55.5	55.7	55.8	56.0	56.1	56.3	56.4	56.6	56.7	56.9	37
38	57.0	57.2	57.3	57.5	57.6	57.8	57.9	58.1	58.2	58.4	38
39	58.5	58.7	58.8	59.0	59.1	59.3	59.4	59.6	59.7	59.9	39
40	60.0	60.2	60.3	60.5	60.6	60.8	60.9	61.1	61.2	61.4	40

KEUFFEL & ESSER CO., N. Y.

For Curve Tables see end of book

1950 - IP
 Providence
 City
 Return to
 Eugene L. Shaw
 Logan Utah

The paper in this book No. 360
 is made of 100% high grade rag stock
 with a WATER RESISTING surface sizing.

4+00 (see over)

3+00

2+95 to 4" ~~xxxxxx~~ the width
to 4" fire line along X

51 W
2+64 S

4" valve for entrance W

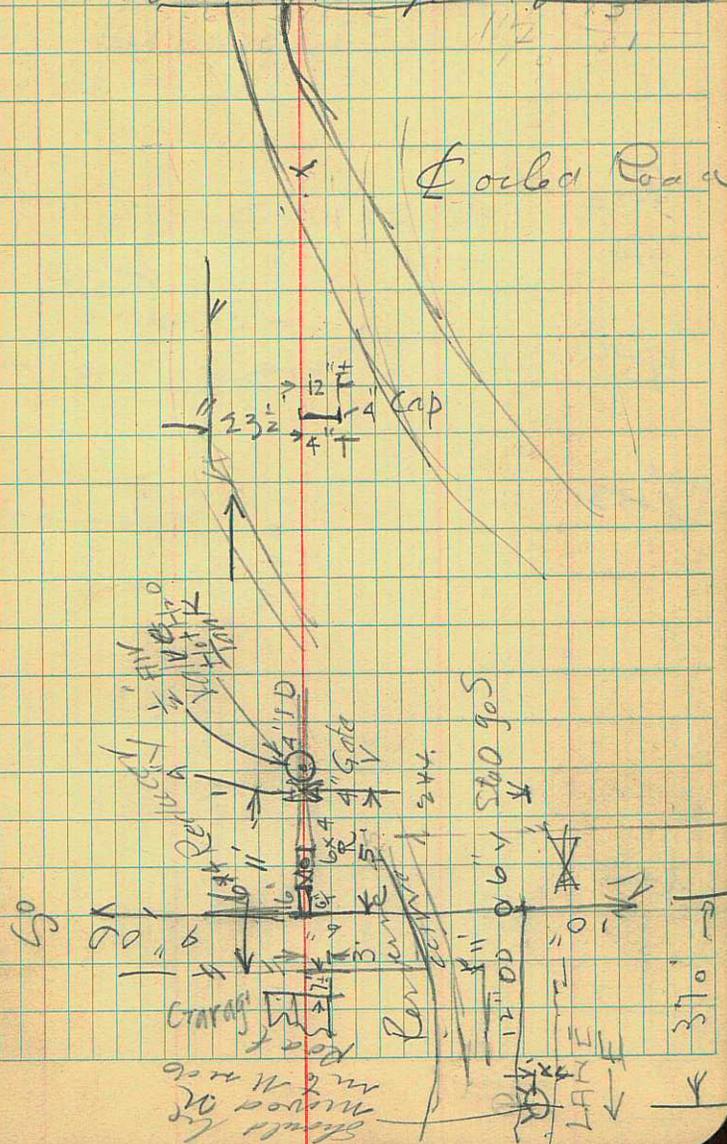
2+00 in line with S side of house on

0+93 S all line Revane curve
a fence on W

0 S 17' to S line St. go E
at 4" valve

June 12 1950 7

Meas. of So. Bench
water works extension
Assist. Clyde A. Linder



16+02.5

15+48⁺

11⁷⁰⁰

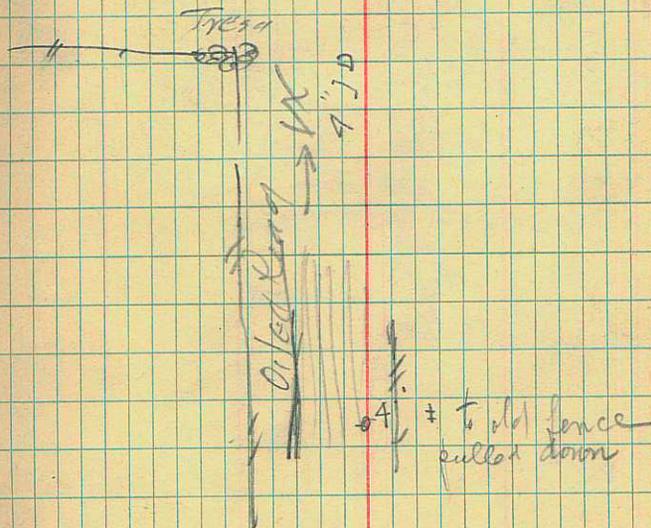
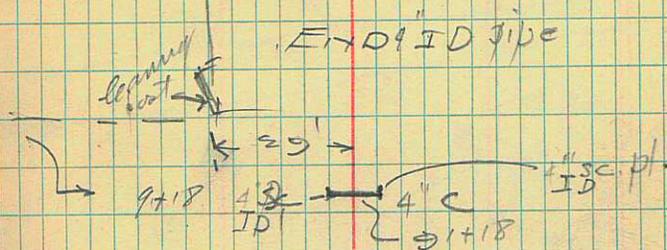
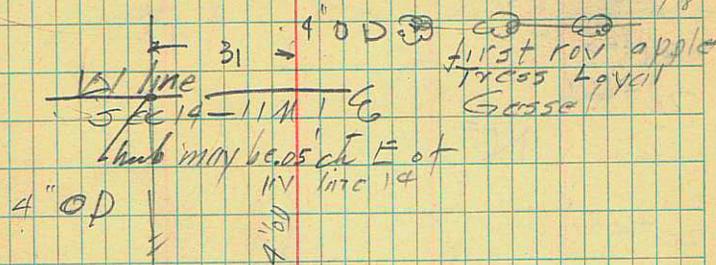
10
9+80

9+18

9+06.6

8+78[±]
~~8+83~~

4+00





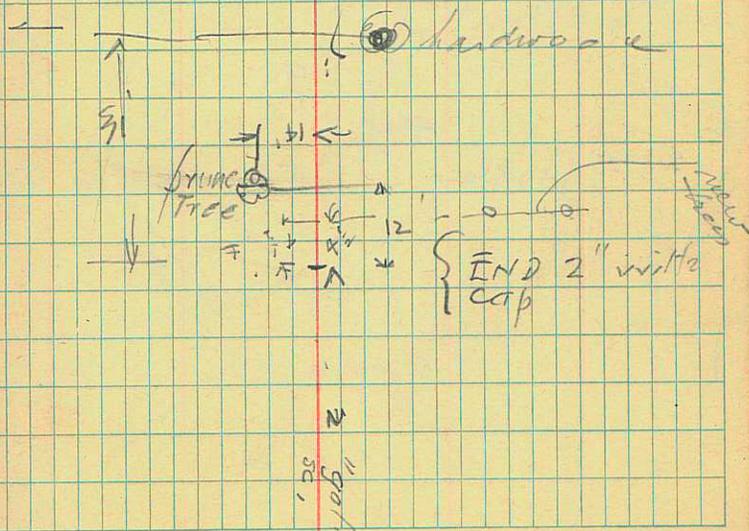
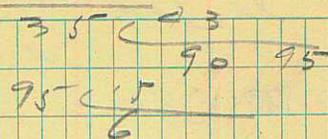
2) +60.2 5+

23^{to}

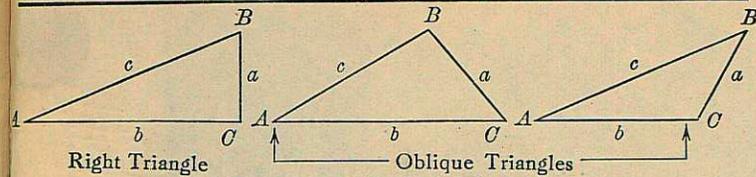
22

170
135

13



TRIGONOMETRIC FORMULÆ



Solution of Right Triangles

For Angle A. $\sin = \frac{a}{c}$, $\cos = \frac{b}{c}$, $\tan = \frac{a}{b}$, $\cot = \frac{b}{a}$, $\sec = \frac{c}{a}$, $\text{cosec} = \frac{c}{b}$

Given	Required	Formulas
a, b	A, B, c	$\tan A = \frac{a}{b} = \cot B, c = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$
a, c	A, B, b	$\sin A = \frac{a}{c} = \cos B, b = \sqrt{c^2 - a^2}$
A, a	B, b, c	$B = 90^\circ - A, b = a \cot A, c = \frac{a}{\sin A}$
A, b	B, a, c	$B = 90^\circ - A, a = b \tan A, c = \frac{b}{\cos A}$
A, c	B, a, b	$B = 90^\circ - A, a = c \sin A, b = c \cos A$

Solution of Oblique Triangles

Given	Required	Formulas
A, B, a	b, c, C	$b = \frac{a \sin B}{\sin A}, C = 180^\circ - (A + B)$
A, a, b	B, c, C	$\sin B = \frac{b \sin A}{a}, C = 180^\circ - (A + B)$
a, b, C	A, B, c	$A + B = 180^\circ - C, \tan \frac{1}{2}(A - B) = \frac{a - b}{a + b} \cot \frac{C}{2}$ $c = \frac{a \sin C}{\sin A}$
a, b, c	A, B, C	$s = \frac{a + b + c}{2}, \sin \frac{1}{2}A = \sqrt{\frac{(s - b)(s - c)}{bc}}$ $\sin \frac{1}{2}B = \sqrt{\frac{(s - a)(s - c)}{ac}}$
a, b, c	Area	$s = \frac{a + b + c}{2}, \text{area} = \sqrt{s(s - a)(s - b)(s - c)}$
A, b, c	Area	$\text{area} = \frac{bc \sin A}{2}$
A, B, C, a	Area	$\text{area} = \frac{a^2 \sin B \sin C}{2 \sin A}$

REDUCTION TO HORIZONTAL

Horizontal distance = Slope distance \times cosine of the vertical angle. Thus: slope distance = 319.4 ft. Vert. angle = $5^\circ 10'$. From Table, P. 9959. Horizontal distance = $319.4 \times .9959$. Horizontal distance also = Slope distance times (1 - cosine of vertical angle). Thus: $319.4 \times (1 - .9959) = 319.4 \times .0041 = 1.31$. $319.4 - 1.31 = 318.09$ ft. When the rise is known, the horizontal distance is approximately: the slope distance less the square of the rise divided by twice the slope distance. Thus: rise = 14 ft., slope distance = 302.6 ft. Horizontal distance = $302.6 - \frac{14 \times 14}{2 \times 302.6} = 302.6 - 0.32 = 302.28$ ft.

